### Introduction to Python

# Feature Summary, Session 6

#### READING MULTIDIMENSIONAL STRUCTURES

- pprint.pprint() function: print a structure in readable format
- import pprint
  pprint.pprint(messyobj)
- list of lists: a list in which each item is a reference to a list
- x = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]
- list of dicts: a list in which each item is a reference to a dict
- dict of lists: a dict in which each item is a reference to a list
- x = [45: [3, 9, 17], 46: [2, 7, 22]]
- dict of dicts: a dict in which each item is a reference to a dict

arbitrary structure: any container containing references to other containers, to any depth

(at right: a list of dicts of dict/lists)

## 

lol = []

#### **BUILDING MULTIDIMENSIONAL STRUCTURES**

- build a list of lists from a file (note: example at right is generic and not meant to apply to any specific situation)
- build a list of dicts from a fille (note: example at right is generic and not meant to apply to any specific situation)
- build a dict of dicts from a file (note: example at right is generic and not meant to apply to any specific situation)

for line in open('fi.txt'):
 lol.append(line.split())

lod = []
for line in open('fi.txt'):
 items = line.split()
 d = {'a': items[0],
 'b': items[1]}
 lod.append(d)

dol = {}

for line in open('fi.txt'):

key = items[0]

d[key] =

items = line.split()

{ 'a': items[1],
 'b': items[2] }

 accumulate a dict of lists from a file (note: example at right is generic and not meant to apply to any specific situation)

```
dol = {}
for line in open('fi.txt'):
    items = line.split()
    key = items[0]
    if key not in d:
        d[key] = 0
    d[key] +=float(items[1])
```